

# AND REBEL VENTILATOR.

NUMBER 4

Knoxville, Saturday, Jan. 16, 1864.

We clip the foregoing from the Knoxville *Register*, of 1861. This corrupt scoundrel *Wood*, was a Methodist preacher, here in command of an Alabama Regiment. He used to preach on Sabbath, in the Methodist church, and then spend the night at a notorious house of ill fame on Water street. In his notice, as usual, he occupied the pulpit

At a preliminary meeting, held Saturday evening 26th inst., the undersigned were appointed a committee of arrangements, to call a meeting to take initiatory steps to restore civil government on the principle of freedom, in Tennessee, at the Capitol, on Friday evening the 1st of January next, at 6 o'clock. The meeting is hereby announced. Distinguished speakers will address the meeting.

John W. Bowen,	Wm. Slane,
James Davis,	Jos. R. Drillin,
C. M. Brien,	S. C. Morcer,
E. Hare,	Geo. A. J. Mayfield,
Chas. A. C. Gillem,	Col. W. B. Stokes,
R. Glasgow,	H. H. Harrison,

creation of gentile men. Their language is much more in harmony with their true position than ours would be. Their very ideas seem to share in the majesty of the kingdom of nature around them. There are no such forests in the world as theirs, no such water-falls, no such rivers, no such mountains, and, we might almost say, no such men. We are indebted to America for our sewing-machines, and for that little idol of the hour, the stitching-machine. Add to this something inconceivably more important, the printing-machine. It never entered in-

And I look at another item, and one, becoming in itself we have a great and vital interest: it is that of *visas*, or means of supporting Government. — In all official documents we learn that a *fraction* *occurs* *from* *the* *of* *the* *revenue* *collected* *for* *the* *support* *of* *Government* *has* *unusually* *been* *raised* *from* *the* *public*.

Remember, while our gentlemen, and compile carefully and carefully these important ones. Looking out of view, for the present, the single million, of dollars you must expend in a

There is a demand for it by the withdrawal of old issue. The new fractional currency will be the same as our national bank notes, except that they will all bear the title "United States Treasury Note." They will carry all the best refinements of the present ten-cent postal. They are engraved in the highest style of art, and the colors are the distinguishing marks of the different series, as of such a chemical combination, it is used, as far as type photographic, and the printing is done by means of a color-press. All the issues will be in the paper on which they are tested. This will be made a secret process in the treasury department, under the intimate supervision of the inventor. The paper in question is stronger than that in common use, and it will be very difficult to counterfeit. It is also a curious fact that it is forty times stronger than the cotton used. It can be washed like a piece of linen, kept in any way injuring the engraving; and it cannot be photographed, as if photographs were taken, instead of white-like ordinary paper, the result would be black. The colors, blue and red, are due to the existence of S. M. C. K. Ege, Esq., the Superintendent of the Currency Department of the Treasury. Mr. Chase has invented many of the ingenious machines which are used for the purpose of stamping, cutting and counting money, and he, in addition to the above, directed

French, 77 copies of the Old Testament, translations into Oriental languages, 272 rabbi works, 523 Rabbinical works, 536 original letters or documents, 722 talmudic prescriptions, and 300 plans of ancient fortifications in New Russia! According to the opinion of Messrs. Tischendorf, Dorn, Beck, and others, no European library contains Hebrew manuscripts of so ancient a date. Consequently they will supply valuable materials for the complete study of the Testament, and also for the palaeography, chronology, as well as the history, of Stern Russia.